**Select a statement which is correct for Supervisory Authority.**

1. A natural person or legal entity that determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data. *This answer is incorrect because the controller is the natural person or legal entity that determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data.*
2. A natural person or legal entity that processes personal data on behalf of the controller. *This answer is incorrect because a natural person or legal entity that processes personal data on behalf of the controller is considered to be a data processor. At times, a processor is also called a third party.*
3. The EU body in charge of the application of the GDPR. *This answer is incorrect because the European Data Protection Board or EDPB**is the EU body in charge of the application of the GDPR. The EDPB is made up of the representatives from each member state’s Supervisory Authority.*
4. A public authority in an EU country that is responsible for monitoring compliance with GDPR. *This answer is correct because a Supervisory Authority is a public authority in an EU country that is responsible for monitoring compliance with GDPR.*

Answer: d) A public authority in an EU country that is responsible for monitoring compliance with GDPR.

**Select an option which defines the key responsibility of a Supervisory Authority.**

1. To be accountable and to take actions in line with GDPR. *This answer is incorrect because this defines the key responsibility of a data controller i.e. to be accountable and to take actions in line with GDPR, and to be able to explain the compliance with GDPR to data subjects and the Supervisory Authority, as and when required.*
2. To ensure that conditions specified in the Data Processing Agreement signed with the controller are always met. *This answer is incorrect because this is the key responsibility of the data processor under the GDPR i.e. to ensure that conditions specified in the Data Processing Agreement signed with the controller are always met, and that obligations stated in GDPR are complied with.*
3. To advise companies about GDPR. *This answer is correct because this defines the key responsibility of a supervisory authority to advise companies about GDPR and also conduct audits on compliance with GDPR.*
4. To act as the contact point for the supervisory authority on issues relating to processing. *This answer is incorrect because this defines the key responsibility of a Data Protection Officer (DPO) to act as the contact point for the supervisory authority on issues relating to processing, including the prior consultation, and to consult, where appropriate, with regard to any other matter.*

Answer: c) To advise companies about GDPR.

**In a chain-of-command of the roles within the GDPR that is separated by authority and responsibility. On the authority level we have which role at the top of the chain.**

1. The European Data Protection Board. *This answer is correct because the European Data Protection Board is at the top of the chain. All other roles ultimately respond to the EDPB regarding all GDPR concerns.*
2. Supervisory Authority. *This answer is incorrect because the Supervisory Authority is at second level on the chain, reporting to and following the guidelines that are laid out by the EDPB.*
3. Data Controller. *This answer is incorrect because the data controllers are next to supervisory authority, reporting to the Supervisory Authority regarding issues involving personal data protections and GDPR compliance obligations.*
4. Data Processor. *This answer is incorrect because data processor comes after data controller. Data controllers may work with one, or more, data processors depending on their business needs.*

Answer: a) The European Data Protection Board.

**The European Data Protection Board or EDPB is made up of –**

1. The representatives from each member state’s Data Protection Officer. *This answer is incorrect because EDPB is made up of state’s supervisory authority.*
2. The representatives from each member state’s Supervisory Authority. *This answer is correct because EDPB is made up of the head of each DPA and of the European Data Protection Supervisor (EDPS) or their representatives.*
3. The representatives from each member state’s Data Subjects. *This answer is incorrect because European Data Protection Board or EDPB is made up of the representatives from each member state’s Supervisory Authority.*
4. The representatives from each member state’s Data Controllers. *This answer is incorrect because EDPB is made up of the representatives from each member state’s Supervisory Authority or their representative.*

Answer: b) The representatives from each member state’s Supervisory Authority.

**What comes after Data Controllers in the** **chain-of-command of the roles within the GDPR?**

1. The European Data Protection Board. *This answer is incorrect because on the authority level we have the European Data Protection Board at the top of the chain.*
2. The Supervisory Authority. *This answer is incorrect because the Supervisory Authority is next to the EDPB on the chain, reporting to and following the guidelines that are laid out by the EDPB.*
3. The Data Protection Officers. *This answer is incorrect because the Data Protection Officers, or DPO’s are with Data Controllers and must report to the Supervisory Authority.*
4. The Data Processor. *This answer is correct because Data Processor comes after Data Controller in the* ***chain-of-command of the roles within the GDPR.*** *Data controllers may work with one, or more, data processors depending on their business needs.*

Answer: d) The Data Processor.